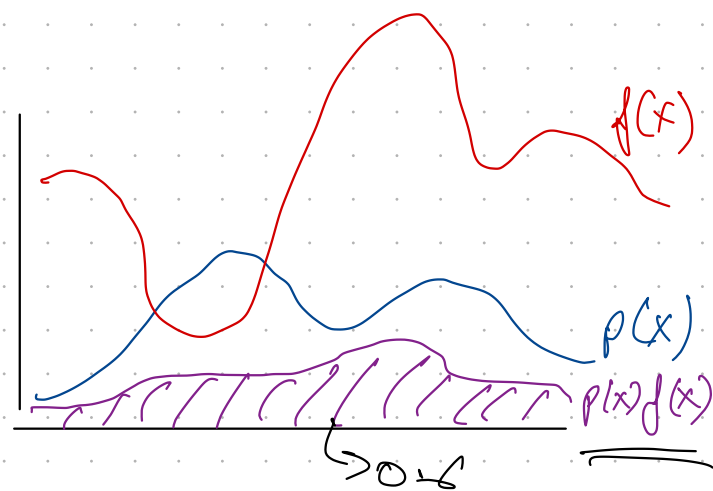
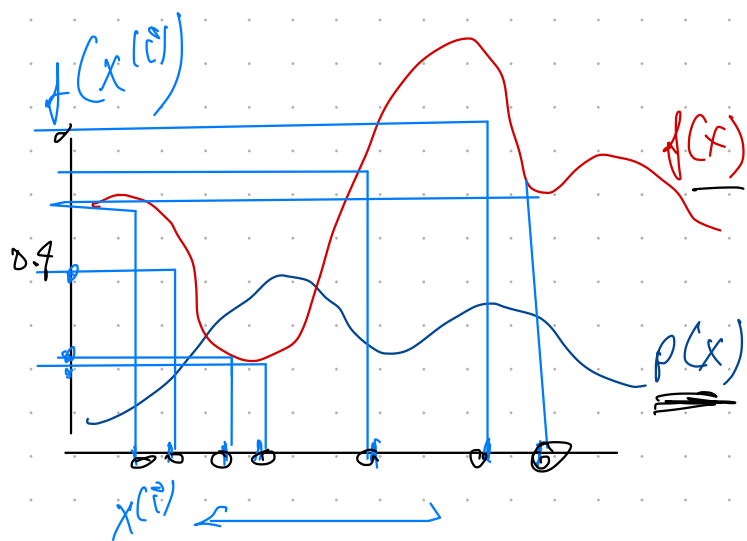


Importance Sampling

$$E(x) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} p(x) \cdot x \cdot dx$$

$$E[f(x)] = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} p(x) f(x) dx$$



$$E(f(x)) \approx \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^N f(x^{(i)}) \quad , \quad \underline{x^{(i)}} \sim \underline{p(x)}$$

$$E_p(f(x)) = \int p(x) f(x) dx$$

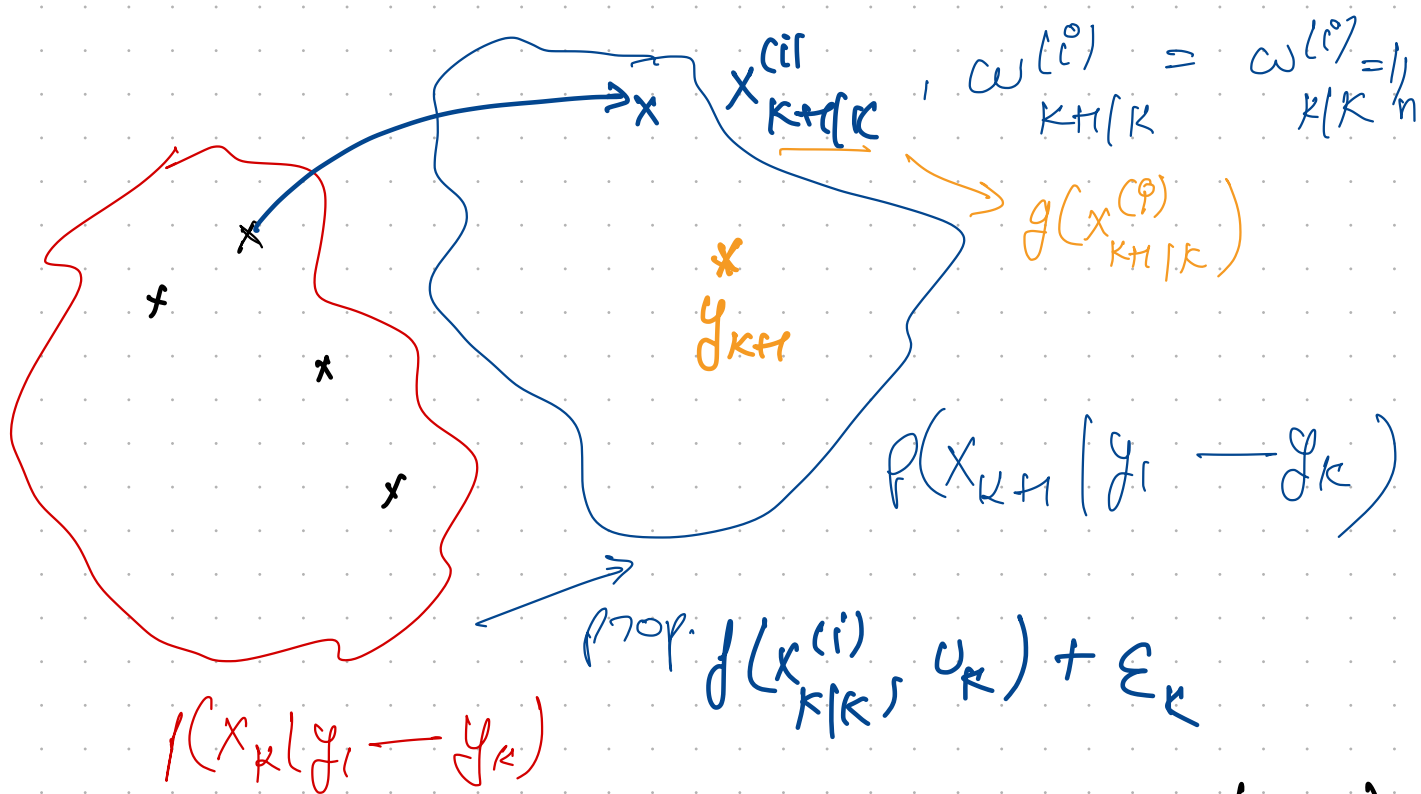
$$= \int p(x) f(x) \left[ \frac{q(x)}{q(x)} \right] dx$$

$$= \int q(x) \left[ \frac{p(x)}{q(x)} \cdot f(x) \right] dx$$

$$E_p(g(x)) = E_{q_v} \left[ \frac{p(x)}{q_v(x)} \cdot f(x) \right]$$

$$\approx \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^N \frac{p(x^{(i)})}{q_v(x^{(i)})} f(x^{(i)}) \quad x^{(i)} \sim q_v(x)$$

$$\approx \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^N \omega^{(i)} \cdot f(x^{(i)}) \quad \begin{matrix} x^{(i)} \sim q_v(x) \\ \omega^{(i)} = \frac{p(x^{(i)})}{q_v(x^{(i)})} \end{matrix}$$



$$y_{k+1} = g(x_{k+1}^{(i)}) + v_k \rightarrow \sim N(0, Q)$$